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## SHOPPING FOR HEALTH 2009

WHAT IT TAKES TO EAT HEALTHY

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$\{$ Cross-roads at the Supermarket

- Higher food prices
- Down economy
- Low consumer confidence
- Healthy eating perceived as costly

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Consumers are in a need to take action mode!


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\{Spending Shifts
$49 \%$ are spending more on all food purchases

$54 \%$ Spending less on eating out

$53 \%$ Spending more at grocery stores

## 2008 Changes—Higher Prices

"My food shopping hasn't changed, the cost of basic food items has risen to the point where I stopped eating out in order to maintain our basic food stuffs"
"Hasn't changed at all except cost has gone up"
"The item prices have gone up quite a bit on items, so the total spent has gone up"
"Food is costing more"


## $\{$ Eating Out Dollars Shift to the Supermarket

61\% spending some or all of the money at the supermarket

$33 \%$ saving some or all of the money

$24 \%$ Other
\{2008 Changes—Cooking More
"Eating in more and preparing more home cooked meals."
"We're buying more groceries for home cooking instead of eating out."
"We are purchasing more foods that we can prepare at home to save money."


## \{Healthy Eating Costly

"I am buying more organic foods \& they tend to be more expensive."
"Buying slightly more prepared, healthy foods to replace restaurant food"
"I am eating healthier and prices have increased significantly for all types of grocery items."
"Buying healthier items has been more costly."
"The cost of healthy eating is significantly
 higher than eating the junk so it coasts more to shop"

## Living well on or with less

\{ Money Saving Strategies

- Store switching
- Fewer Trips
- Shop differently in the store



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## Multiple Shopping Trips

Unilever Trip Management Study
Each shopping trip has its own reason

$62 \%$ of store visits are "quick trips" (3-5 items)

25\% are "fill-ins" (average 9 items)
$13 \%$ are "major stock-ups" (average 16 items)

## The Fragmented Shopper Shop Where Prices are Lower

| Shops | 2008: | 2009: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Traditional Grocery | $86 \%$ | $86 \%$ |
| Discount (Wal-Mart) | $56 \%$ | $59 \%$ |
| Club/Super | $41 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| Natural Organic (Whole Foods) | $21 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| Farmers Market | $18 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| Local Gourmet | $18 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| Specialty Store (Butcher) | $14 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| Convenience Store | $11 \%$ | $12 \%$ |

## The Fragmented Shopper Fewer Quick Trips

| Trips | 2008: | 2009: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Quick Trips (3-5 items) | $71 \%$ | $66 \%$ |
| Supplemental Trips (6-15 items) | $79 \%$ | $79 \%$ |
| Big Food Trips (16+ items) | $89 \%$ | $89 \%$ |

## Quick Trips Higher Price Stores Losing Impulse Buyers

| Store | 2008: | 2009 Point <br> Difference: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Local Gourmet | $64 \%$ | -8 points |
| Specialty (F\&V, Butcher) | $79 \%$ | -8 points |
| Natural Organic (Whole Foods) | $44 \%$ | -7 points |

## Supplemental Trips <br> No Significant Drop-Off Vs. Last

| Store | Shop: | 2009 Point <br> Difference: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Natural Organic (Whole Foods) | $70 \%$ | +4 |
| Local Gourmet | $66 \%$ | +9 |
| Farmer's Market | $63 \%$ | +7 |
| Club/Super Stores (Costco) | $55 \%$ | +4 |

## Big Food Shop No Significant Change

| Store | Shop: | 2009 Point <br> Difference: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Traditional Grocery | $77 \%$ | -2 |
| Club/Super Stores (Costco) | $58 \%$ | -3 |
| Discount (Wal-Mart, Target) | $62 \%$ | +3 |
| Local Gourmet | $35 \%$ | -1 |
| Natural Organic (Whole Foods) | $33 \%$ | +1 |



## Money Saving Strategies

TNS Retail Forward ShopperScape report says that "shopper traffic and shopping frequency is down across most food, drug and mass channels - except Supercenters, which is being driven by an increase in monthly shoppers at Wal-Mart Supercenter.

## Money Saving Strategies in the UK

The ALDI Effect
Just $8 \%$ of respondents say they have switched to a cheaper supermarket due to the recession. However, a slightly larger proportion - $24 \%$ - say they are shopping in different supermarkets to take account of offers, discounts and promotions.


## GFK NOP

## Dieting \& Health

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## State of Diets 2008

## Fewer on a Diet/Fewer Stayed with it

33\%
started a diet in 2008
(down 5 points from 2007)
$58 \%$ were still on it (as of November)
(down 8 points from 2007)

## Awareness of Diets



## Type of Diet Less "winging it"

| Diet | 2008: | Point <br> Difference: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Just watching calories | $47 \%$ | -10 |
| Some other type | $31 \%$ | +5 |
| Low Fat | $23 \%$ | -1 |
| Low Carbohydrates (South Beach) | $15 \%$ | -1 |
| Jenny Craig/Weight Watchers | $7 \%$ | -1 |

## Increased Attrition

Marketplace changes affected those who where "winging it" for dieting in 2008

How we make our choices...
Healthy version
Regular
Sometimes


## Health Drivers <br> When Shopping - No Changes vs. 2008



## Healthly Version 1/3 or More



## Regular Version 1/3 or More



## Why They Prefer Regular



## Why They Prefer Regular



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## Whittling Down

- 5 of 15 products - claim to buy the healthy version
- at least $50 \%$ of the time or more.
- Cost is not the barrier against healthy eating that people claim.
- Best conversion would come from the "sometimes" buyers.
- Taste remains as the major barrier.



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## Eating Healthy Nearly Everyone Claims to do it



## Eating Healthy With Varying Degrees of Success



## Why People Don't Eat Healthy The Excuses



## Organics, Locally Grown, Natural, and other Labels

## Healthy Labels Knowing what they mean

$\square$ Very confident $\square$ Somewhat confident $\square$ Not confident


## \{What Are We So Confident About?



## Locally

 GrownThere are no regulations
specifying what locally grown means

## Natural

Neither FDA nor the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) has precise rules for "natural." And the food-andbeverage product industry, represented by the Grocery Manufacturers Association, has no consensus.

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## Healthy Labels U.S. Spending

$\square 2008$ Sales (in Billions)


## Organic Shopping Primary Vs. Secondary Store

| Shops | Primary: | Secondary: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Traditional Grocery | $42 \%$ | $39 \%$ |
| Natural Organic (Whole Foods) | $23 \%$ | $37 \%$ |
| Discount (Wal-Mart) | $10 \%$ | $31 \%(+5)$ |
| Local Gourmet | $8 \%$ | $31 \%(+6)$ |
| Farmers Market | $9 \%(+5)$ | $43 \%(+8)$ |
| Club/Super | $3 \%$ | $30 \%(+5)$ |
| Specialty Store (Butcher) | $1 \%$ | $24 \%(+6)$ |

Based on Respondents who bought in last 6 months

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## Two Organic Markets



44\%
Bought any organics last 30 day (+6 points vs. 2008)


17\%
Bought organic fruits \& vegetables and at least one other organic product, in the last 30 days

## Types of Organics Purchased No Drop-Off



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## Organics Holding Steady Not Gaining Ground Among Non-Buyers



## Why Buy Organics Shoppers Gaining a Better Understanding



Based on Respondents who bought in last 6 months

## Organics: Healthy Halo Effect Main Reason they Started Buying Organics

- 30\% they just wanted to eat healthier (-5)
- 38\% were concerned about health effects (+12)
- $\mathbf{1 1 \%}$ for my kids (-3)
- 9\% concern for the environment


## $\{$ Locally Grown?



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## \{Understanding of Locally Grown

- $53 \%$ grown in my local area ( 50 miles)
- $26 \%$ grown in my state
- $16 \%$ grown in the U.S.



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## \{Understanding of Locally Grown

| Farm Type | Percentage: |
| :--- | :--- |
| Family Farm | $44 \%$ |
| Large Corporate Farm | $3 \%$ |
| Either Type | $48 \%$ |

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## Organic vs. Locally Grown

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## WWSD...Strawberries Available at the Same Price

- $53 \%$ would choose locally grown (-5)
- 26\% organic (-2)
- 10\% regular store packaged



## WWSD...Strawberries

\$2.49 for organic \& locally grown vs. \$1.99

- 49\% would choose regular store packaged (+5)
- 33\% locally grown
- 18\% organic (-4)


Based on Respondents who bought in last 6 months Point diff. vs. 2008

## Natural Food Products

- 44\% are very or somewhat interested in purchasing
- 38\% are on the fence (might or might not be interested)
- 18\% are not interested



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## $\{$ Label Reading

710 of shoppers read the labels of food products for specific ingredients
(no change vs. 2008)


## \{ Labels of Most Concern



## Did you know?

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Jelly donuts have fewer calories than a sesame bagel with cream cheese

## Labels of Most Concern The Pack



## Labels of Most Concern Lower Side

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\square 2008 \square 2009
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## Conclusions: Economic Effects

- The economy is having an effect on spending for food.
- Fewer quick trips at higher price retailers
- National brands are being challenged
- Most likely to fall from healthy eating - those people who "wing it" as a diet.



## Conclusions: Eating Healthy

- No significant changes in attitudes towards eating healthy or claims of doing it.
-Taste rules! (as it always has)
- Healthy eating battleground is in product category decisions (switch from old habits)
- Price has some "grey area" here
- Best conversion to healthy eating - the "sometimes buyers."
- Labels - a better grasp of organic



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